

Range and Market News

Items of Interest Pertaining to the Livestock Industry of Arizona, Market Letter for the Past Week.

THOUSANDS OF MOTHERLESS CALVES THROUGH THE RANGES

PHOENIX, June 3.—On account of severe range conditions during the winter and spring, thousands of calves have been made motherless, according to reports received by E. W. Stephens, secretary of the state live-stock sanitary board. The disposition of these animals presents one of the most serious problems with which the live-stock sanitary board has had to cope for some time past.

Theoretically, all such animals if unbranded belong to the state, and under the law may be picked up as strays by live-stock inspectors, advertised and sold. Before taking any such drastic steps, however, the board is endeavoring to distribute all motherless calves, whether branded or unbranded, to the rightful owners, if possible. To this end inspectors have been instructed to call get-together meetings of the stockmen of the various ranges for the purpose of distributing such stock on a fair basis. Already a number of such meetings

have been held and the plan is now working out to the mutual satisfaction of all concerned, says Stephens; considerable confusion is thus avoided as well as petty animosities which might naturally arise.

The death rate among range cattle was exceptionally heavy during the last winter, and especially on the big northern ranges. The situation with reference to the motherless calves became so acute in one county that the county attorney was appealed to; certain stray stock had been seized by an inspector, and so much feeling was aroused by this act that the live-stock board was appealed to for a decision as to what should be done to keep peace among the cattle interests.

SECONDED

As forewoman of the jury that is to try the ex-kaizer, H. M. nominates the German woman who gave nine sons and received the kaizer's signed photograph in exchange.

The Sun want-ads sell anything.

New Brands Applied for June 4, 1919

Brand	Earmark	Location of Brand	Name of Applicant Post Office Address
5/9	∞	C left hip.	Lin V. Maxwell, Eager, Arizona.
88	∞	C left hip. H left shoulder.	Hannah M. Maxwell, Eager, Arizona.
N	∞	C left hip. H left shoulder.	R. D. Rowley, Winslow, Arizona.
BT	∞	C left ribs, H left shoulder.	Martin & Isham, Needles, California.
Y	∞	C left hip. H left shoulder.	E. S. Collie, Elgin, Arizona.
P	∞	C left ribs, H left shoulder.	Lucas L. Encinas, Tucson, Arizona.
M	∞	C left shoulder, H right shoulder.	Manuel Galivise, Tempe, Arizona.
3-7	∞	C left ribs.	E. S. Lyall, Cashion, Arizona.
N/V	∞	C right ribs, H right thigh.	Walker Bros., Cashion, Arizona.
M	∞	C right hip.	Horace S. Miller, Tempe, Arizona.
YE	∞	C left ribs, with bars under tail.	Mrs. Victoria T. Kim- bro, Oracle, Arizona.
H	∞	C right hip.	J. H. Curtis, San Simon, Arizona.
∞	∞	C left ribs, H left shoulder.	R. O. Carroll, Flagstaff, Arizona.

New Brands Applied For May 28, 1919

Brand	Earmark	Location of Brand	Name of Applicant Post-Office Address
←	∞	C left hip. H left shoulder.	Arthur Renner, Scottsdale, Ariz.
U	∞	C right ribs, H right thigh.	James W. Muse, Kirkland, Ariz.
∞	∞	C right ribs, H right thigh.	Aubrey Gist, Skull Valley, Ariz.
LN	∞	C right ribs, H right thigh.	Mrs. Ellen L. Owens, Snowflake, Ariz.
8P	∞	C left ribs, H left shoulder.	Joe Garacco, Tucson, Ariz.
Y	∞	C right ribs, H right thigh.	Juanita H. Martin, Tucson, Ariz.
U3	∞	C right hip.	L. J. Gardea, Mammoth, Ariz.
∞	∞	Fire brand each side of nose of goats.	T. L. Morris, Hillside, Ariz.
∞	∞	Ewes, Reverse for wethers.	T. L. Morris, Hillside, Ariz.
∞	∞	Ewes, Reverse for wethers (goats).	Aubrey Gist, Skull Valley, Ariz.
ANS	∞	C right ribs, H right thigh.	W. J. Satathite, Kirkland, Ariz.

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STOCKMEN OBJECT PRESENT METHOD OF HANDLING STRAYS

Following the receipt of numerous complaints with regard to the disposition of motherless calves and strays on the ranges of Arizona, the Live-Stock Sanitary Board has suggested to the state inspectors that they bring the cattlemen of the different sections together in an effort to settle ownership problems amicably.

Some of the complaints, it was said, are directed against the action of inspectors, while others allege that some of the cattlemen have branded more of the motherless calves found on the open ranges than they appeared to be entitled to.

It was stated at the live-stock board's office in Phoenix that the policy under which the inspectors have been picking up strays, whether freshly branded or not, has been pursued for the purpose of preventing cattle stealing.

WILD DOGS MENACE STATE CATTLE RANGES

Homeless Mexican dogs, abandoned by their owners who have fled from their homes south to the Mexican border, have reverted to the savage state, many of them joining bands of wolves, and are preying on the cattle of the Arizona ranges. So serious has the situation become, said M. E. Musgrave, predatory animal inspector of the United States biological survey, that a strenuous drive has just been inaugurated to wipe out this menace to the cattle.

Musgrave recently left for Greenlee county to supervise the placing of a large number of traps in an effort to reduce the packs of wolves and their formerly home-fed and home-bred companions. According to the predatory animal inspector, one hunter alone killed ten of the wild dogs last month.

BRITISH WOOL GOODS

WASHINGTON, June 3.—The New York Journal of Commerce quotes the "Bulletin of the National Association of Wool Manufacturers" as saying, with reference to tariff revision:

"It is all the more desirable that an adequate protective tariff should replace the present inadequate, unjust, sectional arrangement without delay. If President Wilson sees fit to veto next year a well-considered protectionist measure, a very definite and significant issue will be drawn."

The bulletin was moved to make this comment by the report of a recent census of the wool stocks taken in Great Britain, which showed that with the close of last year that country had on hand for immediate exportation about 130,000,000 yards of fine woolen and worsted tissues—cloths, dress goods and linings. Notwithstanding the terrific demands which have been made on England for wool manufactures, even by our own army, it appears that more of such goods were manufactured for export than could be shipped, hence the accumulation.

Due to British foresightedness, England's principal commercial steamship lines were re-established immediately upon the cessation of hostilities, so she has no lack of ships to distribute her textiles, while our own administration, always zealous to favor the foreigner at the expense of the American, has compelled more than 1,500,000 tons of American shipping to engage in carrying food to the relief of Europe, where it is disposed of at less than we pay at home for similar food products. So far, the only thing, apparently, which has saved this country from a flood of British wool textiles has been the exceptionally keen demand for them in other markets of the world, notably France, where prices in excess of those current in the United States are temporarily the rule. But it will require only a short time before the immediate needs of France and other European buyers are supplied, so that it is highly probable British competition will develop in our own American trade considerably earlier than had been anticipated.

This again emphasizes the fact that the feature of chief importance in successful competition in the lowering of the unit cost of production, and the minimum can best be achieved by capacity operation of the mills. Whenever our domestic market is controlled by foreign competition to a degree which puts our mills on less than 100 per cent operation, our unit cost goes up and with each point of increase the possibility of successful competition in export trade dwindles accordingly. In this sense, increased exports depend largely upon increased control of the domestic market. That is why the early passage of a protective tariff law is so important, both to our control of the home market and as a corollary to the enlargement of our export trade.

SAID TOO MUCH ALREADY

A young fellow on the spur of the moment asked a girl to marry him. "Yes," replied the girl. After waiting for five minutes for him to say something more, she asked, coquettishly: "Well, what have you got to say?" "Nothing," replied the young man; "I've said too much already."

EACH IN HIS TURN

Marie: "Who are the three gentlemen who always seem to be found in company with your pretty cousin?" Mabel: "One of them is her fiancé, one of them was her fiancé, and the third will likely be her fiancé before the season is over."

SOMETIMES NECESSARY

"She married a man after an acquaintance of two weeks. Don't you think a girl foolish to marry a man who doesn't know her?" "It's the only way to get a husband sometimes."

Tommy: "Father, what is the future of the verb 'invest'?" Father (a congressman): "Investigation."

KANSAS CITY WEEKLY STOCK MARKET REPORT

KANSAS CITY STOCK YARDS, May 30.—The cattle market underwent the most severe price reduction of the year this week, and today at a full \$1.00 to \$1.25 decline, compared with a week ago, trade is lifeless. This condition is true of all markets, even more pronounced elsewhere than here, because locally country demand for grazing and feeding cattle has acted as a sustaining influence. Hog prices broke sharply in the first two days of the week, but rebounded in the past two days, and sheep were quoted up 50 to 75 cents.

Four Days' Receipts
The Kansas City Stock Yards are closed today (May 30) to all business, except feeding, watering, and receiving stock, so the review week includes four days. Receipts in that period this week were 38,200 cattle, 3,760 calves, 64,000 hogs, 27,850 sheep, showing an increase of 6,000 cattle, 500 calves, and a decrease of 7,900 hogs and 6,000 sheep, compared with the same days last week, and an increase of 4,000 cattle, 900 calves, 3,000 sheep and 14,000 hogs compared with a year ago.

Beef Cattle
A moderate increase in receipts of cattle and declining prices for beef on Eastern markets caused a material reduction in demand for fat cattle in the past four days. Prices were irregularly lower, in most cases down \$1.00 to \$1.25. This decline follows a general sag since March, and now the market is the lowest in many months past. Choice to prime steers are quoted at \$15.00 to \$16.00, good choice \$13.75 to \$15.00, common to fair \$10.50 to \$12.50. Cows are selling at \$7.00 to \$9.50, and veal calves \$10.00 to \$14.50.

Stockers and Feeders
Four loads of 1,353-pound Kansas steers sold to a feeder today at \$14.10, four loads 1,319 pounds at \$14.50. They had been on feed and were in good condition for finish. Such prices are sharply lower than a week ago. Stockers have declined also. Feeders are quoted at \$11.50 to \$14.75, stockers \$9.00 to \$14.00.

Hogs
Hog prices receded rapidly in the first two days of the week, but rebounded again, and today were about steady with a week ago. Receipts were heavy in the first two days, but a prospective holiday today checked the movement in the past two days. At the low point Tuesday a large number of hogs sold under \$20.00, and today the low price was \$20.00, and bulk of sales \$20.20 to \$20.45. Pigs are

25 to 50 cents lower at \$15.50 to \$19.25.

Sheep and Lambs
Demand for sheep and lambs was more urgent this week than for some time past and prices rose 50 cents to 75 cents. Spring lambs today are quoted at \$18.00 to \$19.00, clipped lambs \$13.75 to \$14.50, and clipped sheep \$10.00 to \$12.25. Goats are selling at \$7.00 to \$8.50.

CHARLES M. PIPKIN,
Market Correspondent.

PRODIGAL RETURNED

One morning the "Black Maria" arrived at the police court to take to jail the prisoners who had been arrested the previous night. As they filed into the van the policemen were much amused to hear an old woman, who was the last of the string, shout out to a young prisoner in front: "Now, then, come out of that; you have my corner."

Needless to say the old lady obtained her accustomed seat. Then, as the door was closed and the policeman stepped up behind, she put her face to the bars and said to him in delightfully dulcet tones: "Home, James!"

WHERE THEY FAILED

Napoleon never voted the Prohibition ticket.

Oliver Cromwell never rode in an automobile.

Joan d'Arc never rode on the rear seat of a motorcycle.

Cleopatra never wore a union suit. Julius Caesar could play anything but pinocle.

The Queen of Sheba never had to stand up in a street car. Nero never tried to blow out the gas.

TIMOROUS

Actor: "I don't want this room." Landlady: "Why, what is the matter with it?"

Actor: "It has a steam radiator in it." Landlady: "Well, what of it?"

Actor: "The hissing of the steam makes me nervous."

UNUSED WORDS

"The police say that you and your wife had some words," said the magistrate.

"I had some," replied the prisoner, "but I didn't get a chance to use 'em."

G. N. BATY

PIONEER PAINTER

AND

PAPER HANGER

Residence 416 Birch Avenue

Stray List, March 1st, 1919

No. 4112 Sold at Mammoth, September 28, 1918, one red heifer, six months old.

No. 4113 Sold at Calva, October 25, 1918, one red steer, four years old.

No. 4119 Sold at Buckeye, October 25, 1918, one bay horse, three years old.

No. 4120 Sold at Mesa, October 4, 1918, one red cow with calf.

No. 4121 Sold at Holbrook, October 25, 1918, one red steer, one year old.

No. 4122 Sold at Navajo, October 30, 1918, one red steer, one year old.

No. 4123 Sold at Navajo, November 2, 1918, one red and white steer, two years old.

No. 4127 Sold at Camp Verde, November 4, 1918, one red cow.

No. 4129 Sold at Willcox, October 1, 1918, one red steer.

No. 4130 Sold at Springerville, December 6, 1918, one red cow.

No. 4131 Sold at Tucson November 1, 1918, one red cow ten years old.

No. 4131 Sold at Tucson, November, 1918, one red cow ten years old.

No. 4132 Sold at Safford, November 19, 1918, one red steer, one year old.

No. 4133 Sold at Camp Verde, November 30, 1918, one red steer, one year old.

No. 4135 Sold at Arivaca, December 27, 1918, one red cow, seven years old.

No. 4135 Sold at Arivaca, December 27, 1918, one red cow, seven years old.

No. 4135 Sold at Arivaca, December 27, 1918, one brown steer, two years old.

No. 4135 Sold at Arivaca, December 27, 1918, one red calf.

No. 4135 Sold at Arivaca, December 27, 1918, one red calf.

No. 4136 Sold at Glendale, December 31, 1918, one red cow, ten years old.

No. 4138 Sold at Williams, January 20, 1919, one Mexican steer, eighteen months old.

No. 4139 Sold at Phoenix, January 20, 1919, Jersey cow, five years old.

No. 4139 Sold at Phoenix, January 20, 1919, one year old steer.

No. 4140 Sold at Phoenix, January 20, 1919, one year old steer.

No. 4141 Sold at Tucson, January 29, 1919, one red stag, three years old.

No. 4142 Sold at Globe, February 5, 1919, one fourteen year old horse.



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